

The 27th Balkan Mathematical Olympiad
Chisinau, Republic of Moldova
May 2-8, 2010



Grading scheme

Each problem is worth 10 points.

Problem 1

- 1) For proving, that initial inequality is equivalent to the inequality:3 points

$$\frac{a(b-c)}{c(a+b)} + \frac{b(c-a)}{a(b+c)} + \frac{c(a-b)}{b(c+a)} \geq 0$$

In particular :

- for substitution of a, b, c by positive x, y, z that gives $xyz = 1$ 1point
- for using of this substitution and obtaining the above inequality2points

- 2) For proving, that inequality from 1) is equivalent to the inequality

$$\frac{b(c+a)}{c(a+b)} + \frac{c(a+b)}{a(b+c)} + \frac{a(b+c)}{b(c+a)} \geq 3 \text{4points}$$

- 3) For proving of inequality from 2)3points



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Problem 2

- 1) It is mentioned that quadrilateral $ACBH_1$ is cyclic1point
 - 2) For proving that point $N = QC_1 \cap BH_1$ is the midpoint of BH_1 2points
 - For the assertion that point $N = QC_1 \cap BH_1$ is the midpoint of BH_1 1point
 - For proving that point $N = QC_1 \cap BH_1$ is the midpoint of BH_1 1point
 - 3) For proving that $PMRN$ is cyclic3points
 - For the assertion that $PMRN$ is cyclic1point
 - For proving that $PMRN$ is cyclic2points
 - 4) For proving that $PMRN$ is cyclic deltoid2points
 - For the assertion that $PMRN$ is cyclic deltoid1point
 - For proving that $PMRN$ is cyclic deltoid1point
 - 5) For proving that points N and M_1 coincide2points
 - For the assertion that points N and M_1 coincide1point
 - For proving that points N and M_1 coincide1point
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Note.

For non proved assertions totally not more than 2 points.



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Problem 3

I. The least width of a strip covering the triangle is equal to the length of the shortest altitude **5p**. In particular:

Ia) At least one of the perpendicular lines through the vertices to the borders meets the opposite side. 1p

Ib) The altitude corresponding to that vertex is of length at most w :3p

Ic) The least width of a strip covering the triangle is equal to the length of the shortest altitude.1p

II a) Choosing the points A, B at maximal distance; the altitude from any C is the shortest one:3p

II b) Construction2p



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Problem 4

- 1) A counting formula for $f(n)$ is found.....2 points
- 2) It is proved that the equality $f(n + p) = f(n)$ implies:.....5 points
 - $n \div p$ 2 points
 - $\varphi(k) = \frac{2(k+1)}{p-1} - 1$ and $\varphi(k+1) = \frac{2(k+1)}{p-1} + 1$ 3 points
- 3) It is proved that each of the following conditions leads to a contradiction:3 points
 - $\varphi(k) \div 4$ and $\varphi(k+1) \div 4$ 1 point
 - $\varphi(k) \nmid 4$ 1 point
 - $\varphi(k+1) \nmid 4$ 1 point